Vocabulary List (50 Words)

<u>PowerPoint Submit Date:</u> 20 July 2018 before 23.59 <u>Interview Date:</u> 31 July – 2 August 2018 (9.00 – 16.30)

Instructions

- Look for the vocab set you are responsible for in slide 5 and 6.
- Follow example in slide 3 and 4.
- Find a picture (12*10 cm or 5 * 4 inches) that represent each vocab.
- Create 3 sentences: positive statement, negative statement, question.
- Provide picture's url.

Word (Part of Speech)

- Picture
 - 5 inches Height * 4 inches Width or
 - 12 cm Height * 10 cm Width
- Example sentence (<u>Statement</u>)
- Example sentence (<u>Negative</u>)
- Example <u>question</u>
- Picture's url \rightarrow small points

Love (V.) --> Example



- The piglet <u>loves</u> icecream.
- The piglet <u>doesn't love</u> bacon.
- <u>Does</u> the piglet <u>love</u> vegetable?
- http://www.tehcute.com/piglet-keepingcool.html

Responsible

ID	Name	Vocab Set	ID	Name	Vocab Set
60110079	Ms.Kanokwan Kaeomaha	2	60118114	Mr.Nattawut Teerakulpisuth	2
60111390	Ms.Chananchida Homthip	3	60118296	Mr.Sirisak Maisudjai	3
60111499	111499 Mr.Chawanwit Rattanamanee		60118346	Ms.Hathairat Pechkong	4
60112521	Ms.Thanaporn Nuansuwan	5	60120086	Mr.Niabdulhakim Abdunloh	5
60113057	Mr.Not Sangrawi	6	60120342	Mr.Pawarit Muangderm	6
60115094	Ms.Yodsawadee Suktip	7	60120623	Ms.Siriwan Kongkun	7
60115870	Ms.Wirunphat Sangnok	8	60140787	Ms.Jirawan Wannakool	8
60116258	Ms.Suphaluk Tepee	9	60140852	Ms.Juttimad Malai	9
60116555	Mr.Sukrit Khunthongjun	10	60141777	Mr.Thanakorn Kraitep	10

Responsible

ID	Name	Vocab Set	ID	Name	Vocab Set
60142841	Ms.Parichat Lemay	2	60147733	Mr.Theerapon Ketsiri	2
60143658	Ms.Ruttans Loontala	3	60160033	Ms.Kannika Boonsomya	3
00140000	WIS.RUITAIIS LOOIItala	0	60160165	Mr.Woravee Chorpet	4
60144086	Mr.Satayu Sangchaisirisak	4	60160264	Ms.Kittaporn Naunpan	5
60144797	Ms.Supriya Kuntasut	5	60160694	Ms.Sirapatsorn Phadungsat	6
60145547	Mr.Ekkarach Pattanee	6	60161015	Ms.Siritorn Tongaporn	7
60146024	Mr.Asree Kamah	7	60161254	Ms.Savitre Sanjit	8
60146560		8	60161825	Ms.Sorada Phantipho	9
00140300	Ms.Nisariphah Waeyakoh	0	60162716	Mr.Sulaiman Prayunto	10
60147253	Ms.Saowalee Thongjum	9	60162765	Ms.Mastura Yusoh	2
60147543	Ms.Thunyaporn Chaiboonkaew	10	60163029	Mr.Abdulkohar Yasing	3

VOCABULARY SET 2

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1.	Aisle	Noun	A long, narrow space between rows of seats in an aircraft, cinema, or church	l'd like an aisle seat, please.
2.	Allowance	Noun	An amount of something that you are allowed	My monthly allowance is 10,000 baht.
3.	Apartment	Noun	A set of rooms for living in, especially on one floor of a building (US)	There's a new apartment unit available for sale next month.
4.	Approach	Verb	To fly at slow speed towards the runway	Train 356 is approaching the Grand Central Station, New York.
5.	Boarding pass	Noun	A card that a passenger must have to be allowed to get on an aircraft or a ship	She has to print her boarding pass again.
6.	Cabin	Noun	The area where passengers sit in an aircraft	The cabin of the new helicopter is spacious.
7.	Claim	Noun	A statement that something is true or is a fact, although other people might not believe it	His claim of innocence was rebutted by solid proof.
8.	Confirmation	Noun	A statement, often written, that an arrangement or meeting is certain	Please print the confirmation of your room booking.
9.	Convenient	Adjective	Suitable for your purposes and needs and causing the least difficulty	The weather lately has made going to school very convenient.
10.	Crew	Noun	A group of people who work together, especially all those who work on and operate a ship, aircraft, etc.	For those who have to make a transit, our ground crew will help you.
11.	Cruise	Verb	To fly at a steady speed	Let's cruise away from here.
12.	Declare	Verb	To give information about goods or money you are bringing into a country	You must declare any luxury goods to the customs.
13.	Delay	Verb	To make something happen later than originally planned or expected	His flight was delayed for three hours.
14.	Departure lounge	Noun	The area in an airport where passengers wait before getting onto an aircraft	I'm at the departure lounge – where are you?
15.	Description	Noun	Something that tells you what something or someone is like	His description doesn't match mine.
16.	Disembark	Verb	To get off a plane	All passengers please be careful when disembarking.
17.	Embark	Verb	To go onto a plane at the beginning of the journey	The Sala Hajj contingent is embarking from the airport.
18.	Fasten	Verb	To secure two parts of your seat-belt together	Please fasten your seatbelt.
19.	Flat	Noun	A set of rooms for living in, especially on one floor of a building (UK)	I've rented the same flat for the last five years.
20.	Flight	Noun	A journey in an aircraft	Have a safe flight!
21.	Footpath	Noun	A path, especially in the countryside, for walking on	There's a footpath leading to the forest behind our house.
22.	Gas station	Noun	A petrol station (US)	I'll pull up to the next gas station.
23.	Gate	Noun	A part of an airport where travelers are allowed to get on or off a particular aircraft	Passengers of Flight 345, please head to gate 36.

24.	Hand	Noun	The small cases or bags that a	Only one piece of hand
27.	luggage	Nouri	passenger can carry onto an aircraft	luggage is allowed on board.
	laggage		or bus	
25.	Jet lag	Noun	The feeling of tiredness and confusion that people experience after making a long journey by plane to a place where the time is different from the place they left	To prevent jetlag, try to sleep during a long flight.
26.	Land	Verb	To bring a plane down to the ground	His flight has just landed ten minutes ago.
27.	Obvious	Adjective	Easy to see, recognize, or understand	His sleight-of-hand tricks are so obvious.
28.	On time	Adverb	Happening or done at the moment that it was expected to happen	Please submit your homework on time.
29.	Outstanding	Adjective	Clearly very much better than what is usual	What an outstanding student!
30.	Overhead	Adjective	Above your head, usually in the sky	Please secure your hand luggage in the overhead bin.
31.	Passport	Noun	An official document containing personal information and usually a photograph that allows a person to travel to foreign countries and to prove who they are	The immigration officer stamped my passport.
32.	Pavement	Noun	A path with a hard surface on one or both sides of a road, that people walk on	My mother wants limestone pavement installed in her new house.
33.	Perfectly	Adverb	In a perfect way	Pau Casals interpreted Bach's Cello Suites perfectly.
34.	Perfume	Noun	A liquid with a pleasant smell, usually made from oils taken from flowers or spices and often used on the skin	You could only bring perfume as a carry-on liquid if it did not exceed 100ml.
35.	Permit	Verb	To allow something	They were permitted to board the airplane after passing security check.
36.	Petrol station	Noun	A gas station (UK)	I'll pull up to the next petrol station.
37.	Prohibit	Verb	To officially refuse to allow something	Flammable goods are prohibited on the flight.
38.	Reservation	Noun	An arrangement in which something such as a seat on an aircraft or a table at a restaurant is kept for you	Do you have a reservation, sir?
39.	Runway	Noun	A long, level piece of ground with a specially prepared smooth, hard surface on which aircraft take off and land	At least five airplanes line up on the runway.
40.	Scale	Noun	A device for weighing things or people	Please put your carry-on luggage on the scale.
41.	Screen	Noun	A flat surface in a cinema, on a television, or as part of a computer, on which pictures or words are shown	The newest product on the line has a touch screen feature.
42.	Seatbelt	Noun	A belt that fastens around you when you are travelling in a vehicle or aircraft and holds you in your seat, to reduce the risk of being injured in an accident	Please fasten your seatbelt.

43.	Security check	Noun	The process of checking that a person is not armed, or carrying something dangerous	Why am I being asked to complete a security check?
44.	Servo	Noun	A gas station (Australia)	I'll pull up to the next servo.
45.	Sidewalk	Noun	A path with a hard surface on one or both sides of a road, that people walk on (US)	Mrs. Simpson walks her dog on the sidewalk.
46.	Steady	Adjective	Happening in a smooth, gradual, and regular way, not suddenly or unexpectedly	Even in anger she keeps her voice steady.
47.	Take off	Verb	To start flying in the air	The airplane takes off smoothly.
48.	Taxi	Verb	To move a plane slowly along the ground before or after flying	The pilot taxied the airplane to the end of the airstrip.
49.	Unattended	Adjective	Being watched or taken care of	Please don't leave your luggage unattended.
50.	Unit	Noun	A single apartment in a bigger building	She lived at unit #34 in that building.

VOCABULARY SET 3

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1.	Air hostess	Noun	An air hostess is a woman who serves passengers on an aircraft.	Her salary as an air hostess was enough to send all her children to college.
2.	Airline	Noun	The airline or carrier you fly with is the name of the company that owns the airplane e.g. Singapore Airlines, British Airways.	Nok Air and Thai Lion are the only airlines that serve the Bangkok- Nakhon Si Thammarat route.
3.	Arrivals	Noun	When your plane arrives at the airport, your family and friends will meet you at arrivals.	We'll be waiting for you at the arrivals.
4.	Board	Verb	To board (a plane) means to go onto it.	We will be boarding in half an hour.
5.	Boarding time	Noun	Your boarding time is the time that people will be allowed to start entering the plane.	According to the ticker, your boarding time is 11:40.
6.	Book	Verb	When you book a ticket it means that you have reserved your place and paid for it.	I have booked a table at Filomena Ristorante.
7.	Business class	Noun	Business class is the area where people who are traveling for business purposes sit. It's towards the front of the plane and the tickets are more expensive than normal tickets.	I'm now able to afford flying business class.
8.	Carry on	Noun	Your carry-on luggage is the small piece of hand luggage that you are allowed to take with you onto the plane. These bags usually have to be a certain size and weigh less than 8kg.	Please secure your carry-on in the overhead bin.
9.	Check in	Verb/ Noun	When you check in, you notify the airline you have arrived at the airport. They will take your suitcase and give you a boarding pass. The area where you do this action is also called check-in.	The check-in counter is crowded by angry passengers whose flight has been delayed for six hours.
10.	Conveyor belt	Noun	When your plane arrives, your bags and suitcases come out on the moving conveyor belt. Another word that you might hear for this is a carousel or baggage claim.	Sometimes the wrong pulleys are used to track or adjust the conveyor belt.

11.	Customs	Noun	Before you're allowed to enter the country, you must go through customs where you will be met by a customs officer. Here they will check if you're bringing anything illegal into the country such as firearms (guns), drugs or too much money and they will ask you if you "have anything to declare?" If you're not carrying anything that is forbidden, you should answer "no."	Siam Shipping offers a custom clearance service to our clients for import and export.
	S		trip, you will need to go to the departures lounge where you will wait to board your flight.	
13.	Economy class	Noun	Most people who travel by plane travel in economy class because the price is much cheaper.	The term "economy class syndrome" refers to the occurrence of deep-vein thrombosis during long-haul flights, mainly in economy class passengers.
14.	First class	Noun	First class is the most expensive area of the plane. There is a lot of space to move. The seats are bigger and the service is better.	Delta Air Lines' first class service includes free wi-fi.
15.	Fragile	Adjective	Sometimes we carry things that are delicate or easily broken when we travel. A way of letting the people handling our suitcases know is to mark it with a sticker saying <i>fragile</i> . This will show them that they need to be a little more careful with your stuff.	A way of letting the people handling our suitcases know is to mark it with a sticker saying <i>fragile.</i>
16.	Identificati on	Noun	Your ID or your personal identification is your official document that you need to ensure you are who you really are. When flying, the ID you're required to carry is your passport.	When flying, the ID you're required to carry is your passport.
17.	Liquids	Noun	Liquids are anything that is not solid or hard or has a watery base such as a bottle of water, perfume or foundation. All airports do not allow passengers to travel with more than 100ml of liquids. All liquids you do carry on the plane must be put in a plastic bag.	All airports do not allow passengers to travel with more than 100ml of liquids.
18.	Long-haul flight	Noun	A flight that travels a long distance in one go for example a long-haul flight would be flying from New York to Sydney.	The longest long-haul flight I've taken would be flying from San Francisco to Singapore.

19.	Lost and found	Noun	Lost and found is the place where lost property is kept.	You can find the lost and found service of the Don Mueang International Airport at its Terminal 2 building.
20.	One-way	Noun	If you ask for a one-way ticket it means that you do not want to return to your destination. The opposite of a one-way ticket is a <i>return ticket</i> . If you want to purchase both, that's called a <i>round-trip ticket</i> .	l've just booked a one-way ticket to Timbuktu.
21.	Oversized baggage	Noun	Each passenger is only allowed to have one suitcase that weighs 20kg or less. If they have a big piece that you want to send or something that is too heavy, the people at check in will charge you more money. It is also called overweight baggage.	Your oversized baggage will count towards your total checked baggage weight.
22.	Steward	Noun	A steward is a person who serves passengers on a ship or aircraft.	That is the friendliest steward I've ever met.
23.	Stopover	Noun	If you are traveling on a long-haul flight, you usually have to have a short stop in another country first. This stop is also called a <i>layover</i> .	We'll have an inviting stopover between Quebec City and Montreal.
24.	Travel agent	Noun	A travel agent is a person who will help you to organize your travel plans and book your flights.	New travel agents flourish under the relaxed regulations.
25.	Visa	Noun	A visa is a special document that gives you permission to enter a country. Some countries have strict laws and depending where you're from, you may need to obtain (get) a visa.	Have you got your student visa?
26.	Place	Noun	an area	Her garden was a cool pleasant place to sit.
27.	Pleasant	Adjective	enjoyable, attractive, friendly, or easy to like	Harold did his best to be pleasant to the old man.
28.	Pleasant	Adjective	enjoyable, attractive, friendly, or easy to like	Harold did his best to be pleasant to the old man.
29.	Polite	Adjective	behaving in a way that is socially correct and shows understanding of and care for other people's feelings	I'm afraid I wasn't very polite to her.
30.	Portion	Noun	the amount of a particular food that is served to one person	The portions are very generous in this restaurant.

31.	Salty	Adjective	tasting of salt	This bacon is too salty for me.
32.	Seafood	Noun	animals from the sea that can be eaten	She like eating seafood fried rice.
33.	Service	Noun	the act of dealing with customers in a shop, restaurant, or hotel by taking their orders, showing or selling them goods, etc.	You should leave a generous tip to reward good service.
34.	Slice	Noun	a flat, often thin, piece of food that has been cut from a larger piece	Would you like another slice of beef?
35.	Soda	Noun	a type of fizzy water	He drinks a lot of soda
36.	Soup	Noun	a usually hot, liquid food made from vegetables, meat, or fish	Would you like a bowl of soup?
37.	Sour	Adjective	having a sharp, sometimes unpleasant, taste or smell, like a lemon, and not sweet	I used sour cream in the soup.
38.	Spaghetti	Noun	pasta made in the form of long, thin strings	We had spaghetti for dinner
39.	Special	Adjective	not ordinary or usual	I have a suit for special occasions.
40.	Spicy	Adjective	containing strong flavors from spices	Do you like spicy food?
41	Sweet	Adjective	having a taste similar to that of sugar; not bitter or salty	The dessert was a bit too sweet for my liking .
42.	Table	Noun	a flat surface, usually supported by four legs, used for putting things on	They sat round the dinner table, arguing about politics.
43.	Taste	Noun	the flavor of something	I love the taste of garlic.
44.	Tea	Noun	dried and cut leaves and sometimes flowers, especially the leaves of the tea plant	The waitress brought us two steaming cups of tea.
45.	Tip	Verb	to give someone who has provided you with a service an extra amount of money to thank them	The taxi driver was so rude to her that she didn't tip him
46.	Toast	Noun	sliced bread made warm, crisp, and brown by being put near a high heat	I have toast and jam for breakfast.
47.	Wine	Noun	an alcoholic drink that is usually made from grapes, but can also	I love Australian wines, especially the white wines.

			be made from other fruits or flowers	
48.	Wine	Verb	to entertain someone by giving them food and drinks	The survey concludes that most women like to be wined and dined on the first few dates.
49.	Wings	Noun	the flat part of the body that a bird uses for flying	I don't like chicken wings.
50.	Yummy	Adjective	tasting extremely good	I think I'll have some more of that yummy chocolate cake.

No.	Word	Parts of Speech	Definition	Example
1	Baker	Noun	A person whose job is to make bread and cakes for sale	I called in at the baker's and bought a loaf of bread.
2	Banana	Noun	A long, curved fruit with a yellow skin and soft, sweet, white flesh inside	I only had a banana for lunch.
3	Bottled	Adjective	Sold in bottles	She bought bottled water from the shop in front of the school.
4	Bread	Noun	A food made from flour, water, and usually yeast, mixed together and baked	Do you bake your own bread?
5	Cheese	Noun	A food made from milk, that can be either firm or soft and is usually yellow or white in color	l prefer hard cheeses, like cheddar.
6	Chicken	Noun	The meat of a bird that is cooked and eaten	We're having roasted chicken for dinner.
7	Coffee	Noun	A dark brown powder with a strong flavor and smell that is made by crushing coffee beans	Would you get some coffee when you go shopping?
8	Cow	Noun	A large female farm animal kept to produce meat and milk	The farmer called the vet out to treat a sick cow.
9	Cream	Noun	The thick, yellowish-white liquid that forms on the top of milk	Do you like cream in your coffee?
10	Crew	Noun	A group of people who work together	He is a member of our camera crew.
11	Customer	Noun	A person or organization that buys goods or services from a store or business.	Mrs Wilson is one of our regular customers.
12	Delicious	Adjective	Having a very pleasant taste or smell	The delicious smell of freshly made coffee came from the kitchen.
13	Deliver	Verb	To take goods, letters, parcels, etc. To people's houses or places of work	We get our milk delivered.
14	Dine	Verb	To eat the main meal of the day, usually in the evening.	He once dined with the president of France.
15	Dinner	Noun	The main meal of the day, usually the meal you eat in the evening	We were just having dinner.
16	Dish	Noun	A shallow, typically flat-bottomed container for cooking or serving food.	Have you washed the dishes?
17	Drink	Verb	To take liquid into the body through the mouth	He always drinks three glasses of water in the morning.
18	Eat	Verb	Take food into the mouth, chew it and swallow it	Do you eat meat?
19	Fat	Noun	A solid or liquid substance from animals or plants and used especially in cooking	This product contains no animal fat.
20	Fish	Noun	An animal that lives in water, is covered with scales, and breathes by taking water in through its mouth, or the flesh of these animals eaten as food	Several large fish live in the pond.

21	Food	Noun	Something that people and	I'm allergic to certain foods.
			animals eat, or plants absorb, to	
22	Fried		keep them alive Cooked in hot oil or fat	I don't like fried onions.
		Adjective		
23	Fries	Noun	Are long, thin pieces of potato fried in oil or fat.	I bought some fries at Mc Donald.
24	Goods	Noun	Items for sale, or possessions that can be moved	They sell leather goods such as wallets, purses, and briefcases.
25	lce cream	Noun	A very cold, sweet food made from frozen milk or cream, sugar, and a flavor	Danny, come here and choose your ice cream.
26	Juice	Noun	The liquid that comes from fruit or vegetables	Fresh orange juice should be refrigerated after opening and drunk within three days.
27	Kitchen	Noun	A room or area where food is prepared and cooked.	We usually eat breakfast in the kitchen.
28	Large	Adjective	Of considerable or relatively great size, extent, or capacity.	A large house like this must be expensive to heat.
29	Meal	Noun	Any of the regular occasions in a day when a reasonably large amount of food is eaten, such as breakfast, lunch, or dinner.	How about coming over for a meal sometime?
30	Meat	Noun	The flesh of an animal when it is used for food	l don't eat meat.
31	Medium	Adjective	About halfway between two extremes of size or another quality; average.	Cook the sauce over a medium heat.
32	Menu	Noun	A list of the food that you can eat in a restaurant.	The waiter brought the menu and the wine list.
33	Oil	Noun	A smooth thick liquid produced from plants or animals that is used in cooking	We need to buy vegetable oil before cooking.
34	Order	Noun	A product or a meal that has been asked for by a customer.	I would like to place an order for a large pine table.
35	Oven	Noun	The part of a cooker with a door, used to bake or roast food	Place the cake in the oven at 180°C.
36	Potato	Noun	A round vegetable that grows underground and has white flesh with light brown, red, or pink skin.	Could you peel the potatoes for me, please?
37	Price	Noun	The amount of money for which something is sold	The large supermarkets are offering big price cuts.
38	Ranch	Noun	Type of salad dressing made of some combination of buttermilk, salt, garlic, onion, mustard, herbs	Mozzarella sticks may be served with tomato or marinara sauce, as well as plum sauce, jalapeno jelly, barbecue sauce, honey mustard sauce, and <i>ranch</i> dressing.
39	Restaura nt	Noun	A place where meals are prepared and served to customers.	Smoking is not allowed in this restaurant.
40	Rice	Noun	The small seeds of a particular type of grass, cooked, and eaten as food	Do you prefer brown rice or white rice?
41	Salad	Noun	A mixture of uncooked vegetables eaten either as a separate dish.	Serve the risotto with a mixed/green salad.
42	Salmon	Noun	A medium-sized silver-colored fish that lives in the sea or rivers	I chose the salmon for my main course.

			and swims up rivers to produce its eggs	
43	Serve	Verb	To offer or have a meal or re- freshments available, as for pa- trons or guests.	Do they serve meals in the bar?
44	Small	Adjective	Little in size or amount	Would you like a large or small cola with your burger?
45	Steak	Noun	A thick, flat piece of meat or fish, especially meat from a cow.	Shall we have steak for dinner?
46	Sundae	Noun	A food made from ice cream, with pieces of fruit, nuts, cream, sweet sauce, etc. On top of it	Now there's no room to breathe, and he can't even have a go at his skateboard ramp or the <i>sundae</i> buffet.
47	Vegetabl es	Noun	A plant that is used as food	For vegetables, we eat a lot of broccoli, spinach, and corn.
48	Waiter	Noun	A man whose job is to bring the food to customers at their tables in a restaurant.	The waiter handed me the menu with a flourish.
49	Waitress	Noun	A woman whose job is to bring the food to customers at their tables in a restaurant	They asked the waitress for the bill.
50	Water	Noun	A clear liquid, without color or taste	The river is difficult to cross during periods of high water.

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1	Acidic	Adjective	Very sour	Acidic food is not tolerable for me.
2	Affordable	Adjective	Not expensive	The steak is at affordable price for me.
3	Appetizer	Noun	A small amount of food eaten before a meal	At 6.30 everyone gathered for drinks and appetizers in the lounge.
4	Apron	Noun	A piece of clothing that you wear over the front of other clothes to keep the clothes clean while you are doing something dirty, such as cooking or cleaning	My mother wears apron every time she cooks at the kitchen.
5	Atmosphere	Noun	A feeling that a place has of being pleasant and interesting or exciting	We want a restaurant that serves good food but has a little atmosphere too.
6	Attentive	Adjective	Very helpful and take care	Listening carefully
7	Attractive	Adjective	Very pleasing in appearance or sound	I find him very attractive
8	Bar	Noun	A place where drinks, especially alcoholic drinks, are sold and drunk	They noticed him going into the hotel bar.
9	Beautiful	Adjective	Very pleasant	There is a beautiful piece of music
10	Beverage	Noun	Drink	We do not sell alcoholic beverages.
11	Boil	Verb	To cook food by putting it in water that is boiling	I've boiled some potatoes for dinner.
12	Breakable	Adjective	Easily break	Do you have anything breakable in your bag?
13	Cake	Noun	A sweet food made with a mixture of flour, eggs, fat, and sugar	Would you like some cake?
14	Caramel	Noun	Burnt sugar used to give flavor and a brown color to food	I like adding caramel on my coffee.
15	Cashier	Noun	A person whose job is to receive and pay out money in a shop, bank, restaurant, etc.	She works as a cashier in a Japanese restaurant.
16	Celebrate	Verb	To take part in special enjoyable activities in order to show that a particular occasion is important	We always celebrate our wedding anniversary by going out to dinner.
17	Cheap	Adjective	Costing little money or less than is usual or expected	Food is usually cheaper in supermarkets.
18	Cheap	Adjective	Used to describe goods that are both low in quality and low in price	I bought some cheap wine for cooking with.
19	Check	Verb	To make certain that something or someone is correct	You should always check your oil, water, and tires before taking your car on a long trip.
20	Chocolate	Noun	A sweet, usually brown, food made from cacao seeds	I took her a box of chocolates.

04	Q a aluta il	Nerve		Manuana all in the her
21	Cocktail	Noun	A drink, usually an alcoholic one,	We were all in the bar
			made by mixing two or more	sipping cocktails.
~~~	0		drinks together	
22	Curry	Noun	A dish, originally from South	You often use clarified
			Asia, consisting of meat or	butter when making
			vegetables cooked in a spicy	curry.
22	Delicious	Adjective	Sauce	This wine is delicious.
23	Delicious	Adjective	Having a very pleasant taste or smell	This wine is delicious.
24	Dessert	Noun	Sweet food eaten at the end of a	She made a fabulous
			meal	dessert with alternate
				layers of chocolate and
				cream.
25	Dessert	Noun	Sweet food eaten at the end of a	She made a fabulous
	diet		meal	dessert with alternate
				layers of chocolate and
				cream.
26	Donut	Noun	Doughnut	I made donuts with my
0=			<b>+ 1 0 1 0</b>	mom today.
27	Dress	Verb	To add a liquid, especially a	I like eating a dressed
			mixture of oil and vinegar, to a	salad.
20	<b>Fain</b> t	) / o rlo	salad for extra flavor	
28	Enjoy	Verb	To get pleasure from something	I really enjoyed that
29	Expensive	Adjective	Costing a lot of money	meal
29	Expensive	Adjective	Costing a lot of money	She has expensive tastes
30	Famous	Adjective	Known and recognized by many	Marie Curie is famous
30	Famous	Aujective	people	for her contribution to
			people	science.
31	Glass	Noun	A small container for drinks	She poured some milk
•	Clabb	1 to all	made of glass	into a glass.
32	Hamburger	Noun	A round, flat piece of minced	We had lunch at a
	, in the set get		beef, fried and usually eaten	hamburger joint and
			between two halves of a bread	then went to see a
			roll	movie.
33	Healthy	Adjective	Good for your health	Fresh fruit and
				vegetables form an
				important part of a
				healthy diet.
34	Ingredients	Noun	A food that is used with other	The list of ingredients
			foods in the preparation of a	included 250 g of
05			particular dish	almonds.
35	Items	Noun	Something that is part of a list or	The restaurant has a
			group of things	long menu of about 50
26	Kilogram	Noun	A unit of mass aqual to 1,000	items.
36	Kilogram	Noun	A unit of mass equal to 1,000	One kilogram equals
37	Lemonade	Noun	grams A cold, sweet fizzy drink with a	two point two pounds. Two glasses of
57	Lemonade	INCUIT	lemon flavor	lemonade, please.
38	Limited	Adjective	Small in amount or number	My culinary skills are
00				rather limited, I'm afraid
39	Loaf	Noun	Bread that is shaped and baked	Time was when you
	*		in a single piece and can be	could buy a loaf of
			sliced for eating	bread for sixpence.
		1		
40	Location	Noun	A place or position	The hotel is in a
40	Location	Noun	A place or position	beautiful location

41	Lunch	Noun	A meal that is eaten in the middle of the day	We must do lunch sometime
42	Market	Noun	A place or event at which people meet in order to buy and sell things	Fruit and vegetables are much fresher at the market than in the supermarket.
43	Mayonnaise	Noun	A thick, white sauce made from oil, vinegar, and the yellow part of eggs, usually eaten cold	I need extra mayonnaise for this fruit salad.
44	Milk	Noun	He white liquid produced by cows, goats, and sheep and used by humans as a drink or for making butter, cheese, etc.	Do you take milk in your tea?
45	Mushrooms	Noun	A fungus with a round top and short stem	For this recipe choose mushrooms with large caps
46	Noodles	Noun	A food in the form of long, thin strips made from flour or rice, water, and often egg, cooked in boiling liquid	I usually eat noodles at night.
47	Offers	Verb	To ask someone if they would like to have something	Can I offer you a drink?
48	Olives	Noun	A small bitter green or black fruit that is eaten or used to produce oil	I thought I'd dress up the frozen pizza with a few extra tomatoes and olives.
49	Optional	Adjective	You can choose	Do come to the party - fancy dress is optional.
50	Pizza	Noun	A large circle of flat bread baked with cheese, tomatoes, and sometimes meat and vegetables spread on top	I like lots of different pizza toppings.

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1.	Exchange	Noun	An arrangement in which students from one country go to stay with students from another country.	I just met a German exchange student.
2.	Abroad	Adverb	In or to a foreign country or countries.	We always go abroad in the summer.
3.	Manner	Noun	Polite ways of treating other people and behaving in public.	It's considered good manners in some societies to leave a little food on your plate.
4.	Adapt	Verb	To change something to suit different conditions or users.	We live in a changing world and people must learn to adapt.
5.	Challenge	Noun	The situation of being faced with something that needs great mental or physical effort to be done successfully and therefore tests a person's ability.	It's a difficult job, but I like a challenge.
6.	Excited	Adjective	Feeing very happy and enthusiastic	The department has arranged an orientation session.
7.	Exciting	Adjective	Making you feel excited.	The school offers an exciting and varied programme of social events.
8.	Orienta- tion	Noun	Training or preparation for a new job or activity	The department has arranged an orientation session.
9.	Host	Noun	Someone who has guests	She thanked the hosts for their hospitality.
10.	Accept	Verb	Agree to something	Do you accept credit cards?
11.	Typical	Adjective	Showing all the characteristics that you would usually expect from a group of things.	This kind of hot and spicy food is very typical of the food in the south of the country.
12.	Recite	Verb	To say a piece of writing aloud from memory, or to publicly say a lot of things.	She proudly recited the poem.
13.	Surprising	Adjective	Unexpected	He gave a quite surprising answer.
14.	Offend	Verb	To make someone upset or angry.	I didn't mean to offend her.
15.	Offense	Noun	An illegal ac; a crime	He committed several serious offense.
16.	Business	Noun	The activity of buying and selling goods and services.	Our firm does a lot of business with oversea costume.
17.	Card	Noun	Permission	I don't have any cash - can I put this on (= pay using) my (credit/charge) card?
18.	Handle	Verb	To deal with	He handled the situation very well.
19.	Care	Noun	The process of protecting someone or something providing what that person or thing needs.	The standard of care at our local hospital is excellent.
20.	Pocket	Noun	Bag	He took some coins from his pocket.
21.	Compli- ment	Noun	A remark that expresses approval, admiration, or respect.	I take it as a compliment (= I am pleased) when people say I look like my mother.

22.	Awkward-	Adverb	In an embarrassing or worrying	He shifted awkwardly from one foot
	ly		way, or a way that causes problem.	to the other.
23.	Obliged	Adjective	To be forced to do something or feel that you must do some thing	Doctors are legally obliged to take certain precaution.
24.	Item	Noun	Something that is part of a list or group of things	The restaurant has a long menu of about 50 items.
25.	Impolite	Adjective	It is impolite to point at people.	It is impolite to point at people.
26.	Rude	Adjective	Not polite; offensive or embarrassing	It's rude not to say "Thank you" when you are given something
27.	Reserved	Adjective	Reserved people do not often talk about or show their feelings or thoughts.	The English have a reputation for being reserved.
28.	Duty	Noun	Something that you have to do because it is part of your job or something that you feel is the right thing to do	What time are you off/on duty (= when do you finish/start work) tomorrow?
29.	Greed	Noun	A very strong wish to continuously get more information	I don't know why I'm eating more – It's not hunger. It's just greed.
30.	Punctual	Adjective	Arriving, doing something, or happening at the expected, correct unit	He's fairly punctual (= he usually arrives on time).
31.	Slurp	Verb	To drink noisily	I wish you wouldn't slurp your soup like that.
32.	Simply	Adverb	Completely or as much as poo	Drinking and driving is simply courting disaster.
33.	Insult	Noun	An offensive remark or action.	She made several insults about my appearance.
34.	Stranger	Noun	Some you do not know.	My mother always warned me not to talk to strangers.
35.	Rook	Noun	A large black bird similar to a crow.	I just saw a rook this morning.
36.	Signify	Verb	To be a sign of something	Nobody really knows what the marks on the ancient stones signify.
37.	Human	Noun	Of a typical of people	The human body is composed of about 60 percent of water
38.	Anatomy	Noun	The scientific study of the body and how its parts are arranged.	An understanding of human anatomy is important to a dancer.
39.	Punish	Verb	To cause someone who has done something wrong or committed a crime to suffer, by hurting them, forcing them to pay money, sending them to prison.	He punished the class by giving them extra work.
40.	Arrest	Verb	Catch	He was arrested when customs officers found drugs n his bag.
41.	Amazing	Adjective	Extremely surprising	The new theatre is going to cost an amazing amount of money.
42.	Opportu- nity	Noun	An occasion or situation that makes it possible to do something that you want to do or have to do	Everyone will have an opportunity to comment.
43.	Immerse	Verb	To become completely involved in something	She got some books out of the library and immersed herself in them
44.	Possibly	Adverb	Not certain	"Will he come?" "Possibly not."
45.	Embark	Verb	To go onto a ship	We embarked at Liverpool for New York.

46.	Adventure	Noun	An unusual, exciting, and possibly dangerous activity	She had some exciting adventures in your country.
47.	Practical	Adjective	Relating to experience, real situations, or actins rather than ideas or imagination.	The service offers young people practical advice on finding a job
48.	Decision	Noun	A choice that you make about something after thinking about several possibilities	She has had to make some very difficult decisions.
49.	Space	Noun	An empty area that is available to be used	Is there any space for my clothes in that cupboard?
50.	Privacy	Noun	Someone's right to keep their personal matters and relationships secret.	The new law is designed to protect people's privacy

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1.	Flat	Noun	A set of rooms to live in, with all the rooms on one level of abuilding	They have a house in the country and a flat in Manchester.
2.	Foreigner	Noun	Someone from another country	The law said that foreigners could buy land in Hawaii.
3.	Similar	Adjective	Something which is similar to something else has many things the same, although it is not exactly the same	My father and I have similar views on politics.
4.	Position	Noun	The situation that someone is in	My financial position is somewhat precarious at the moment.
5.	Settle	Verb	To start living in a place where you are going to live for a longtime	After they got married, they settled in Brooklyn.
6.	Lonely	Adjective	Unhappy because you are not with other people	She gets lonely now that all the kids have left home.
7.	Overwhelm	Verb	If a feeling or situation overwhelms someone, it has an effect that is too strong or extreme	I was overwhelmed by all the flowers and letters of support I received.
8.	Environment	Noun	The air, land, and water where people, animals, and plants live	We must ensure that tourism develops in harmony with the environment.
9.	Fluent	Adjective	Able to use a language naturally without stopping or making mistakes	She's fluent in French.
10.	Lost	Adjective	Not knowing what to do in a new situation	I got lost in the New York subway system.
11.	Tired	Adjective	Bored or annoyed by something that has happened too often	My legs are tired.
12.	Homesick	Adjective	Feeling sad because you are away from your home	As I read my mother's letter, I began to feel more and more homesick.
13.	Wonderful	Adjective	Very good	We had a wonderful time in Italy last summer.
14.	Welcoming	Adjective	Friendly or making you feel welcome	She gave everyone a welcoming smile.
15.	Bullfight	Noun	A traditional public entertainment, especially in Spain, in which a person fights and sometimes kills a bull (= male cow)	Bullfighting should be banned.
16.	Experience	Noun	(The process of getting) knowledge or skill from doing, seeing, or feeling things	The best way to learn is by experience (= by doing things).
17.	Relationship	Noun	The way in which two things are connected	Scientists have established the relationship between lung cancer and smoking. More examples
18.	Comfortable	Adjective	If you are comfortable with a situation, you are not worried about it	Wear comfortable, loose clothing to your exercise class.
19.	Brilliant	Adjective	(British informal) excellent; marvelous; very good	Her mother was a brilliant scientist.

20.	Improve	Verb	To (cause something to) get better	He did a lot to improve conditions for factory workers.
21.	Skills	Noun	The ability to do something well; expertise	He seems to lack basic conversational skills.
22.	Constantly	Adverb	All the time or often	He's constantly changing his mind.
23.	Expose	Verb	Introduce someone to (a subject or area of knowledge)	Recent studies have exposed the benefit of spending time outdoors,
24.	Authentic	Adjective	Based on facts; accurate or reliable	Most historians accept that the documents are authentic.
25.	Allow	Verb	Let (someone) have or do something	You're not allowed to talk during the exam.
26.	Phrase	Noun	A group of words that is part of, rather than the whole of, a sentence	In grammar, an adjunct is an adverb or adverbial phrase that gives extra information in a sentence.
27.	Widen	Verb	To (cause something to) become larger or to include a larger amount or number	They are widening the road in our village.
28.	Accent	Noun	The way in which people in a particular area, country, or social group pronounce words	He's got a strong Boston accent.
29.	Correct	Verb	Tell (someone) that they are mistaken	Is that the correct spelling?
30.	Confident	Adjective	Feeling or showing confidence in oneself or one's abilities or qualities	I'm confident of his skills as a manager.
31.	Remember	Verb	To be kept in people's memories because of a particular action or quality	Can you remember what her phone number is?
32.	Forever	Adverb	For all future time; for always	I like the house but I don't imagine I'll live there forever.
33.	Perhaps	Adverb	Used to express uncertainty or possibility	Perhaps the most important question has not been asked.
34.	Friendship	Noun	The emotions or conduct of friends; the state of being friends	Their friendship goes back to when they were at school together.
35.	Memory	Noun	Something remembered from the past	She has an excellent memory for names (= she can remember names easily).
36.	Last	Verb	To continue to exist	The meeting lasted two hours.
37.	Return	Verb	To come or go back to a previous place	These animals always return to the same breeding ground.
38.	Wedding	Noun	A marriage ceremony and any celebrations such as a meal or a party that follow it	Do you know the date of Caroline and Matthew's wedding?
39.	Remain	Verb	To continue to exist when other parts or other things no longer exist	The bank will remain open while renovations are carried out.
40.	Contact	Noun	Communication with someone, especially by speaking or writing to them regularly	"Have you been in contact with Andrew recently?" "Only by phone."
41.	Away	Adverb	Somewhere else, or to or in a different place, position, or situation	The couple next door moved away last year.
42.	Suppose	Verb	To think that something is likely to be true	Dan didn't answer his phone, so I suppose (that) he's busy.
43.	Frustrated	Adjective	Feeling annoyed or less confident because you cannot achieve what you want	Are you feeling frustrated in your present job?

44.	Lifetime	Noun	The period of time during which someone lives or something exists	A watch of this quality should last a lifetime.
45.	Unbearable	Adjective	Too painful or unpleasant for you to continue to experience	The atmosphere at work at the moment is almost unbearable.
46.	Independent	Adjective	Not influenced or controlled in any way by other people, events, or things	It's hard to obtain truly independent financial advice.
47.	Assume	Verb	To accept something to be true without question or proof	I assumed (that) you knew each other because you went to the same school.
48.	Internship	Noun	The position of a student or trainee who works in an organization, sometimes without pay, to gain work experience or satisfy requirements for a qualification	He served his internship at Garfield Hospital.
49.	Guarantee	Noun	A formal assurance (typically in writing) that certain conditions will be fulfilled, especially that a product will be repaired or replaced if not of a specified quality	The TV comes with/has a two- year guarantee.
50.	From scratch	Phrase	Completely from the beginning	Ben built the shed from scratch.

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1	Mistake	Noun	An action, decision, or judgment that produces an unwanted or unintentional result	l'm not blaming you - we all make mistakes.
2	Perspective	Noun	A particular way of considering something:	Her attitude lends a fresh perspective to the subject.
3	Departure	Noun	The action of leaving, especially to start a journey	Our departure was delayed because of bad weather.
4	Instead	Adverb	As an alternative or substitute	There's no coffee - would you like a cup of tea instead?
5	Available	Adjective	Able to be used or obtained; at someone's disposal	Is this dress available in a larger size?
6	Destination	Noun	The place to which someone or something is going or being sent	We arrived at our destination tired and hungry.
7	Honest	Adjective	Free of deceit; truthful and sincere	She's completely honest.
8	Judge	Verb	Form an opinion or conclusion about	The judge reminded the witness that she was under oath.
9	Efficiency	Noun	The state or quality of being efficient	What is so impressive about their society is the efficiency of the public services.
10	Barely	Adverb	By the smallest amount	They have barely enough (= no more than what is needed) to pay the rent this month.
11	Unique	Adjective	Being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else	I'd recognize your handwriting anywhere - it's unique.
12	Definitely	Adverb	Without doubt (used for emphasis)	He definitely said he'd be here.
13	Criticize	Verb	Indicate the faults of (someone or something) in a disapproving way	The government is being widely criticized in the media for failing to limit air pollution.
14	Whole	Adjective	All of; entire	I spent the whole day cleaning.
15	Unless	Conjunction	Except if (used to introduce the case in which a statement being made is not true or valid)	You can't get a job unless you have experience (= you can only get a job if you have experience).
16	Certain	Adjective	Able to be firmly relied on to happen or be the case	I feel certain (that) you're doing the right thing.
17	Require	Verb	Need for a particular purpose	Please call this number if you require any further information.

18	Overcome	Verb	Succeed in dealing with (a problem or difficulty)	Eventually she managed to overcome her shyness in class.
19	Thought	Noun	An idea or opinion produced by thinking, or occurring suddenly in the mind	Ask me again tomorrow. I'll have to give it some thought.
20	Struggle	Verb	Strive to achieve or attain something in the face of difficulty or resistance	I've been struggling to understand this article all afternoon.
21	Strengths	Noun	A good characteristic	Admitting you've made a mistake is a sign of strength, not weakness.
22	Achieving	Verb	To succeed in finishing something or reaching an aim, especially after a lot of work or effort	We've set ourselves a series of goals to achieve by the end of the month.
23	Colleagues	Noun	A person with whom one works in a profession or business	Please read this memo carefully and hand it on to your colleagues.
24	Approach	Verb	To come near or nearer to something or someone in space, time, quality, or amount	We could just see the train approaching in the distance.
25	Deal	Noun	An agreement or an arrangement, especially in business	She got a good deal (= paid a low rice) on her new house.
26.	Sculpture	Noun	The art of forming solid objects that represent a thing, person, idea, etc. Out of a material such as wood, clay, metal, or stone, or an object made in this way.	Auguste Rodin's <i>The Thinker</i> is one of the most recognizable sculptures in the word.
27.	Souvenir	Noun	Something you buy or keep to help you remember a holiday or special event.	He bought a lot of souvenirs from Japan.
28.	Style	Noun	The specific artistic character and dominant form trends noted in art movements. It may also mean artist's expressive use of media to give an individual character to his work.	A lot of beginner learners could not tell the difference between journalistic and literary style of writing.

29.	Texture	Noun	The surface quality of materials, either actual (tactile) or implied (visual). It is one of the elements of art.	Is the cheese firm in texture?
30.	Theme	Noun	A subject or topic of discourse or of artistic representation.	Alienation is an important theme in the 20 th century American literature.
31.	Tour guide	Phrase	a person employed to show tourists around places of interest	Didn't she work as a tour guide in Chiang Rai?
32.	Tradition	Noun	A way of acting that has continued for a long time among a group of people.	Japan has unique cultural traditions.
33.	Viewer	Noun	Someone who <u>looks</u> at a <u>picture, photograph,</u> or <u>piece</u> of art	Millions of viewers watched the second debate between Clinton and Trump.
34.	Zone	Noun	An area or stretch of land having a particular characteristic, purpose, or use, or subject to particular restrictions.	The city has been declared a disaster zone.
35.	Visitor	Noun	A person visiting a person or place, especially socially or as a tourist.	The president welcomes a group of visitors to the campus today.
36.	Summer	Noun	The warmest season of the year.	What did you do on your summer break?
37.	Take	Verb	To gain or acquire a possession	Take my hand, please.
38.	Shiny	Adjective	Reflecting light, usually a very clean or polished surface	What shiny black shoes!
39.	Welcome	Verb	A manner of greeting someone	Will you receive a warm welcome there?

40.	Wood	Noun	The main substance of a tree	We bought a table made of oak wood.
41.	Volition	Noun	The power of using one's will	Without conscious volition she jumped out of the car.
42.	Surround-ing	Adjective	Around a particular place	The surrounding area is locked down in the manhunt.
43.	Variety	Noun	The state of being different	Dialectologists are mapping the varieties of features used in an area.
44.	Settling	Noun	The end of an argument or dispute	The sound settling of their divorce is that she will get the house.
45.	Woven	Verb	Interlacing threads that cross each other	Gold threads are woven into the fabric of the kimono.
46.	Tribes	Noun	A group of people of the same ethnicity or traditional society	Many tribes in the Arctic are more collectively known as Inuit.
47.	Wrap	Verb	Arrange a material around something	He wrapped an arm around her waist.
48.	Tie	Verb	Attach or fasten something with a string or cord	Many First Nations chiefs tied their hair into braids.
49.	Through	Preposi- tion/Adverb	Moving in one side and coming out of the other side	The truck smashed through the wall
50.	Touch	Verb	To come into contact with something	Don't touch me!

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1.	Admission fee	Noun	The fee charged to enter a place like in a museum.	The admission fee is free for anyone with a valid student card.
2.	Aesthetics	Noun	Relating to beauty or to the study of the principles of beauty, especiall $\underline{y}$ in art.	Wallace Stevens' poetry gave great aesthetic pleasure.
3.	Appliqué	Noun	Cut-out decorative design sewn on a cloth.	The museum holds a collection of 19 th century appliqués.
4.	Archive	Noun	A place where documents such as letters, official papers, photographs, or recorded material are kept for their historical interest and preserved from deterioration.	The National Archives and Records Administration was founded in 1934.
5.	Archivist	Noun	The person in charge of collecting, preserving, and organizing the items in an archive.	David Ferriero serves as the archivist at the National Archives and Records Administration.
6.	Arty-crafty	Adjectiv e	Made by someone who enjoys creating and decorati ng things themselves, but who you think lacks skill.	His youngest daughter is very arty-crafty.
7.	Artifact	Noun	An object made by a human being, e.g. A tool or ornament, especially one that has archaeological or cultural interest.	We also preserve gold and silver artifacts from 11 th century Siam.
8.	Artisan	Noun	Made by hand and with <u>skill using traditional methods</u>	There's a growing appreciation for local artisan cheese.
9.	Artistic	Adjectiv e	Relating to any form of art, including painting, music, liter ature, acting, and dancing.	I do not condone any denial of artistic freedom.
10.	Accession	Noun	Something that is added to a collection, especially a work of art.	They did not anticipate any further accession of wealt h from the man's estate.
11.	Attendant	Noun	Someone whose job is to be in a place and help visitors or customers.	There's no need for attendants at gas stations.
12.	Audience	Noun	The <u>people</u> who see the <u>work</u> of a <u>particular artist</u> or read the <u>work</u> of a <u>particular writer</u> .	The program attracted a great number of audience.
13	Begin	Verb	To <u>start</u> to <u>happen</u> or <u>exist</u>	Let the new bingewatch season begin.
14	Blessing	Noun	A <u>request</u> by a <u>priest</u> for <u>God</u> to take <u>care</u> of a <u>particular person</u> or a <u>group</u> of <u>people</u> , or God's <u>act</u> of doing this	Father O'Malley gave a blessing as the ship was launched.
15.	Brochure	Noun	A thin book giving information or advertising something.	The new brochure is ready for print today.
16.	Carnival	Noun	A place of outside entertainment where there are machines for riding on	Mardi Gras is a carnival held on Shrove Tuesday.

			and games that can	
			be played for prizes.	
17.	Catalogue	Noun	A complete list of things that you can look at, buy, or use, for example in a library or at an art show.	The painting was included in the catalogue.
18.	Ceremony	Noun	(A set of) formal acts, often fixed andtraditional, perfor med on important social or religio us occasions	We found a rabbi to perform the ceremony for us.
19.	Celebration	Noun	A special social event, such as a party, when you celebrate something.	This calls for a celebration, don't you think?
20.	Ceramics	Noun	Manufacturing of work of arts by firing of earth ware, porcelain or brick.	She's been designing imaginative ceramics for the table.
21.	Chance	Noun	An <u>occasion</u> that <u>allows</u> somethin g to be done	Please give him a chance to answer.
22.	Chair	Noun	A <u>seat</u> for one <u>person</u> that has a back, usually four <u>legs</u> , and sometimes two <u>arms</u>	I found three broken chairs in my classroom.
23.	Clay	Noun	A natural, moist earth substance used in making bricks, tile, pottery and ceramic sculpture.	You can only mold clay when it is wet.
24.	Cleanse	Verb	To make something <u>completely</u> clean	We need to cleanse the nation of racists.
25.	Civilization	Noun	An advanced level of development in society that is marked by complex social and political organization, and material, scientific, and artistic progress	Today we are going to discuss the civilizations of Mohenjo-Daro and Harappa.
26.	Chaotic	Adjectiv e	In a <u>state</u> of <u>chaos</u>	His room is a chaotic jumble of books and dirty clothes.
27.	Cloakroom	Noun	A room in a public building such as a restaurant, theatre, etc. Where coats, bags, and other personal things can be left while their owners are in the building	I forgot my coat at the cloakroom!
28.	Collection	Noun	All the paintings, artifacts, documents, or other object of one kind held by an art gallery or museum, grouped together by theme.	He is editing a new collection of essays.
29.	Contrast	Noun	Differences between two or more elements (e.g., value, color, texture) in a composition; juxtaposition of dissimilar elements in a work of art. Also refers the degree of difference between the lightest and darkest areas of an image.	There's a growing contrast between rural and urban trends.
30.	Costumes	Noun	Clothes worn for a certain type of activity.	These are authentic Elizabethan costumes.
31.	Crowd	Noun	Refers to a large group of people who have come together.	A crowd of 500 filled the synagogue.
32.	Cubist	Adjectiv e	Relating to an early 20th- century style of painting in which the artist paints	The cubist painter Picasso was inspired by the later work of Cézanne.

		1	a averal different viewa of	
			several <u>different views</u> of	
			a <u>person</u> or <u>object</u> in a <u>single painting, usually</u> using	
			straight lines.	
33.	Culture	Noun	The beliefs, customs, practices,	There needs to be a refined
00.	Culture	Nouri	and social behavior of a particular	understanding of our culture.
			nation or people.	
34.	Curator	Noun	A person who oversees and	Mr Moreau serves as the
			manages a museum and its	curator of the museum for
			collections.	fifteen years.
35.	Custom	Noun	A way of behaving or	Custom demands that you
			a belief that has	should have gifts for the
			been established for a long time	children.
36.	Decoration	Noun	The activity of making	We're working on our
			something look more attractive b	Christmas tree decoration.
			y putting things on it or around it,	
			or something that you use to do	
			this	
37.	Design	Noun	The plan, conception or	The cloister is of late 12 th
			organization of a work of art; the	century design.
			arrangement of independent parts	
			(the elements of art) to form a	
			coordinated whole.	
38.	Distortion	Noun	The condition of being twisted or	We're tired of the media's
			altered from a usual or regular	continuing distortion of
			shape. In visual art, distortion is	our issues.
			often used as an expressive	
20	Decent	Naua	technique.	
39.	Docent	Noun	An educated or knowledgeable	He serves as a docent at the
40.	Drawing	Noun	tour guide at a museum. Representations on a flat surface	museum for ten years. He produced a series of
40.	Drawing	Nouri	usually made with pen, pencil,	charcoal drawings on white
			crayon, chalk or paint with an	paper.
			emphasis on line.	paper.
41.	Derive	Verb	Derive something from something	The English word "man" is
				derived from the Sanskrit
				word <i>manu</i> .
				word mana.
42.	Elaborate	Verb	To add more information	He would not elaborate on his
				accusation.
43.	Engage	Verb	To employ someone	He was engaged as a trainee
				copywriter.
44.	Environmental	Phrase	Art made on a grand scale,	Environmental art has the
	art		involving the creation of a man-	power to change the way we
			made environment such as	view our world.
			architecture, sculpture, light or	
			landscape.	
45.	Elder	Noun	An <u>older</u> <u>person</u>	Listen to your elders!
46.		Noun	Anything	The fall of the Berlin wall was
+v.	Event			
+ <b>U</b> .	Event		that happens, especially somethi	one of the main political
<del>-1</del> 0.	Event		ng important or unusual.	one of the main political
<del>.</del>	Event			events of the late 20th
+0.	Event			-
+0.	Event			events of the late 20th
40.		Verb	ng important or unusual.	events of the late 20 th century.
	Event	Verb		events of the late 20th

				and naturally from the
				Romanesque.
	<b>-</b>			
48.	Exhibit	Verb	To display something, especially	No foreign painters were
			a work of art, in a public place	exhibited.
			such as a museum or gallery.	
49.	Erect	Verb	To <u>build</u> a <u>building</u> , <u>wall</u> , or	It was the party that erected
			other <u>structure</u>	the welfare state.
50.	Hometown	Noun	The town or city that a person is	Krabi is my hometown.
			from	-

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Definition	Example
1.	Fairground	Noun	A piece of land where fairs are held	Let's go to the fairground!
2.	Feast	Noun	Refers to a large meal, usually to celebrate something special.	The gala offers a feast of artisan cheese and other dairy goods.
3.	Fiesta	Noun	A festival or religious holiday, espe cially a saint's day celebrated in sp anish-speaking countries.	There's a yearly fiesta of San Juan.
4.	Figurative	Adjective	The representation of people, subjects, and scenes from everyday life.	Gold, in the figurative language of the people, was "the tears wept by the sun."
5	Fight	Noun	A situation in which you use a lot of effort to defeat someone or achieve something, or to stop something happening	The children fight with each other.
6.	Fine art	Noun phrase	A term used to describe work that is without any particular function, typically paintings, sculpture, drawings and prints.	In the last thirty years there has been a convergence of popular and fine art.
7.	Focal point	Noun	The place in a work of art at which attention becomes focused because of an element emphasized in some way.	Almost every historic building has multiple façades that can be its focal points.
8.	Folk art	Noun phrase	Art made by untrained practitioners. Typically lively, colorful artwork in a somewhat "naive" style.	The museum hosts the largest collection of folk art in northern America.
9.	Foreground	Noun	Part of a two-dimensional artwork that appears to be nearer the viewer or in the "front" of the image. Middle ground and background are the parts of the picture that appear to be farther and farthest away.	The image shows rose bushes in the foreground.
10.	Gallery	Noun	A place where artwork or artifacts are exhibited.	There are so many galleries to visit in this city.
11.	Harmony	Noun	The principle of design that creates unity within a work of art.	The note played on the fourth beat anticipates the harmony of the following bar.
12.	Heritage	Noun	The history, ideas, and beliefs that define a country or culture and that are passed down through the generations.	Racism convolutes a sense of history and heritage.
13.	Holdings	Noun	The collections owned by an institution such as a library or museum.	Surely this painting is not part of commercial property holdings.
14.	Holography	Noun	Three-dimensional photography	In J.G. Ballard's

	book Usllo
using split laser beam.	book <i>Hello</i>
	<i>America</i> (1981),
	holography is used to
	scare nomad peoples
	along the United
	States of America.
15. Honeymoon Noun A holiday taken by a newly marrie	ed Our honeymoon was
couple.	in the French Riviera.
<b>16.</b> Historian Noun A student or expert in history.	Arthur M. Schlesinger,
	Jr was called the
	historian of American
	liberalism.
17.HumanitiesNounThe study of subjects such as	The budget cut for
history, languages, and philosoph	
that involve the study of culture a	
ideas; (also called the liberal arts)	
<b>18.</b> IllustrationNounAn image that accompanies written	
text and aids in interpreting it.	illustration of the
	mockery that's waiting
	to happen.
<b>19</b> Indigenous Adjective Naturally existing in	Coriander is indigenou
a place or country rather than arr	ivi s to southern Europe.
ng from another place	
20. Interpretation Noun An explanation of a document or	Both writers'
artifact in order to give a particula	
meaning or importance to it.	the distinctive hallmark
('interpret' is the verb).	s of each's
<b>21.</b> Laugh Verb To smile while	perspective.
21. Laugh Verb To smile while making sounds with your voice th	He laughed out loud.
show you think something	
is funny or you are happy	
<b>22.</b> Legacy Noun An idea or notion that is handed	You are your father's
down through the generations.	legacy.
23.     Local     Noun     A person who lives in	To live like a local in
the particular small area that you	Thailand, you need to
are talking about	get used to spicy food.
<b>24.</b> Mesh Verb When different things	Her memory of events
or people mesh, they suit each	doesn't mesh with the
other or work well together	world around her.
25. Memorial Noun A structure erected to	The monument was
commemorate persons or events	
	to those who fell in
	the Civil War.
26. Masterpiece Noun An artist's finest work, or any	Joyce's <i>Ulysses</i> is a
particularly fine work.	great literary
	masterpiece.
27. Media/medium Noun The materials and tools used by	Oil paint is the most
the artist to create a work of art.	popular medium for
	glazing.
28.MetalNounA chemical element, such	The ring is made of a
as iron or gold, or a mixture of	rare metal.
such elements, such as steel, that	
is generally hard and strong, and	
through which electricity and heat	t
29. Migrate Verb To move from one place to anoth	

				have migrated
				to urban areas.
30.	Modeling	Noun	Representation, or making sculptural, three-dimensional forms, usually with clay or wax. Also, making two-dimensional surfaces look three-dimensional, by use of light and shade, color and	It's a diminutive modeling of a volcanic eruption.
31.	Montage	Noun	A single pictorial composition made by juxtaposing many pictures or designs.	He created a dazzling montage of <i>Les Misérable</i> 's masquerade scenes.
32.	Mood	Noun	The state of mind or emotion communicated in a work of art through color, composition, media, scale, size, etc.	I'm in the mood for love!
33.	Motif	Noun	A visual element or a combination of visual elements that is repeated often enough in a composition to make it the dominating feature of the artist's expression. It is similar to theme or melody in a musical composition.	The nautical motif of his latest novel is dazzling.
34.	Naturalistic	Adjective	A naturalistic painting, novel etc. S hows people and things as they are in real life.	We need verbatim records of children's speech in naturalistic settings.
35.	Natural	Adjective	As found in nature and not involving anything made or done by people	Earthquake is a natural disaster.
36.	Parade	Noun	A large number of people walking or in vehicles, all going in the same direction, usually as part of a public celebration of something.	The event is more of a Hollywood celebrities parade than anything else.
37.	Pattern	Noun	A repetitive configuration of elements that is distributed in a regular or irregular systematic organization.	The house had been built on the usual pattern.
38.	Parquet	Noun	Art work on floor made with an inlay of wood of different colors.	How do you install parquet flooring?
39.	Perspective	Noun	The illusion of a three-dimensional space on a two-dimensional surface through the use of vanishing point, converging lines and diminishing sizes of objects.	I'd love to hear your perspective on this issue.
40.	Pigment	Noun	Coloring material, which, when mixed with a binder forms a paint.	Pigments are used for coloring paint and ink.
41.	Portfolio	Noun	A systematic, organized collection of artwork, usually student artwork.	Can I see your portfolio?
42.	Portrait	Noun	A painting, photograph, or drawing of somebody, somebody's face, or a related group.	The novelist builds up a fascinating portrait of the community.
43.	Preservation	Noun	To maintain something in its original or existing state.	The preservation of the city's green spaces is necessary.
44.	Pottery	Noun	Objects that are made out of clay by hand.	Our courses include drawing, painting, and pottery.

45.	Recipe	Noun	A set of instructions telling you how to prepare and cook food, including a list of what food is needed for this	Do you have the recipe for Indonesian- style chicken satay?
46.	Remain	Verb	To stay in the same place or in the same condition	He remained alert for the whole time.
47.	Ribbon	Noun	A long, narrow strip of material use d to tie things together or as a decoration	Is that a real gold ribbon?
48.	Religious	Adjective	Having a strong belief in a god or gods	Her mother is deeply religious.
49.	Origin	Noun	The beginning or cause of something	His name is Norse in origin.
50	Traditional	Adjective	Following or belonging to the customs or ways of behaving th at have continued in a group of people or society for a long time without changing	Here is the list of traditional festivities of the Church year.